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MONTANA LABOR MARK

Monthly Review of

PLOYMENT OUTLOOK, LABOR SUPPLY, LABOR DEMAND, CURRENT EMPLOYMENT

MONTANA STATE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE

Division of Unemployment Compensation Commission of Montagerary NA

Edgar H. Reeder, Chairman

Rex F. Hibbs, Commissioner

UCC Building-P. O. Box 1728-Helena, Montana James J. Flaherty, Commissioner

FL. 269

NELENA INDEPENDENT - RECORD

JANUARY, 1966

Stage Set for More Job Expansion in 1966

Record Employment Year Ends-Another Begins—The year 1965 ended with the highest average of non-farm employment ever recorded in Montana. Non-farm employment exceeded the 180,000 mark for seven months of that year to set a record average yearly employment total of 180,200. This represented a gain of 2.3 per cent over the 1964 employment figure for non-farm industries. Yearly employment averages were up in seven of the eight basic industry groups for 1965. Construction employment recorded the most advance with a gain of 6.1 per cent over the 1964 employment average for that industry. Other percentage increases in employment over 1964 totals include government, up 3.6%; finance, insurance and real estate, up 2.9%; manufacturing, up 2.8%; trade, up 1.9%; Transportation, communications and utilities, up 1.1%; and service industries, up 0.8%. The 1965 average of 7,300 employees in the mining industry was the only group to show a drop from the 1964 average employment total. The loss was 3.9 per cent. Considered as a whole, Montana's non-farm economy was on solid ground employment recorded the most advance non-farm economy was on solid ground at year's end. The record breaking employment totals which highlighted every month of 1965 gives evidence of Montana's economic strength and sets the stage for more job expansion in

December Employment Up 7,600 From Last Year—With a less than seasonal decline of but 700 from November, December 1965 employment in Montana's non-farm industries totaled 183,000 wage earners. This was a substantial increase of 7,600 workers over the December 1964 employment figure. All major industry groups had more workers on their payrolls this December than December a year ago.

Construction and Gov't. Show Most Gain—Payrolls of construction and governmental units were each 2,400 higher this December than last. Most of the gain in government employment was at state and local levels with an increment of 2,200 workers. Other good employment advances from last year occurred in trade establishments, up 1,500; and manufacturing, up 600. Pay rolls of three other industries were 200 each above last year: transportation, communications, and utilities; finance, insurance and real estate; and the service industry group. Mining payrolls for December 1965 exceeded last year by

Labor Surplus Under Last Year-The number of registered jobseekers at The number of registered jobseekers at the state's twenty-two local employment offices increased by 2,300 during December to a total of 11,347, with but half of this number as jobless pay claimants. The total jobseeker inventory was down 2,300 from last year. Many of the new jobseekers in the December labor market were housewives, students, and other family workers seeking temporary employment during seeking temporary employment during the holiday season. Historically the labor surplus peak usually comes during January or February of each year and then starts to diminish early in March as spring job opportunities begin to shape up for another season.

Job Placements Up-Job placements in industry and farm continued their upward trend from year ago accomplishments. Local employment offices placed 2,183 workers in non-farm jobs during December, up 14.6% from last year. New jobs openings in trade and manufacturing industries accounted for nearly half of this total. Employers listed 2,453 December job openings with local employment offices, a gain of 7.2% from last year.

Farm Labor Demand Quiet—Passive job trends covered most of the farm front during the month. With few exceptions, range land was open and free of heavy snow in most statewide areas eliminating any great need for livestock feeders and other winter farm and ranch hands. December job placements in agriculture total 418 workers. Some demand existed for farm couples in a few localities.

\$6,189,973 Paid in UCC Jobless Benefits in 1965—The UCC wrote benefit checks of nearly \$6.2 million for eligible, unemployed workers during 1965. This represents a substantial boost to the main stream of the Montana economy as recent surveys show that most of this money winds up in the cash registers of trade and service firms in registers of trade and service firms in the state. Unemployed workers in Yellowstone County received the most in UCC checks during 1965 with a total of \$766,049. A close second was Cascade County with \$737,734. Other substantial amounts went to Silver Bow County, \$506,075; Missoula County, \$432,104; Flathead County, \$431,576; and Lewis and Clark County, \$251,132.

LABOR TURNOVER RATES IN MANUFACTURING AND MINING INDUSTRIES

(per 100 employees)

(Compiled in cooperation with U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)

| | | AC | CESSI | ON R | ATE | | SEPARATION RATE | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| INDUSTRY | Total | | | New Hire | | | Total | | | Quit | | | Layoff | | |
| | Nov. 1965 | Oct. 1965 | Nov. 1964 | Nov. 1965 | Oct. 1965 | Nov. 1964 | Nov. 1965 | Oct. 1965 | Nov. 1964 | Nov. 1965 | Oct. 1965 | Nov. 1964 | Nov. 1965 | Oct. 1965 | Nov. 1964 |
| All Manufacturing Durable Goods Primary Metal Nondurable Goods | 3.7 3.7 3.0 3.7 | 3.8 3.9 2.2 3.7 | 2.9 3.1 5.2 2.4 | 3.2 3.1 2.8 3.4 | 3.6 3.5 2.1 3.7 | 2.1 1.9 2.1 2.4 | 4.5 5.7 4.8 2.3 | 6.3 7.1 6.5 4.5 | 3.9 4.6 5.0 2.6 | 1.4 1.9 1.9 .5 | 3.2 3.5 1.4 2.5 | 1.6 1.6 .5 1.6 | 1.6 2.2 .1 .5 | 1.2 1.1 .1 1.4 | 1.6 2.2 3.4 .7 |
| All Mining Metal Mining | 7.5 7.3 | 9.8 6.6 | 9.3 8.8 | 4.2 2.3 | 4.7 2.1 | 1.6 1.3 | 4.9 5.0 | 7.6 5.9 | 12.4 10.4 | 2.3 2.7 | 2.4 3.0 | 3.2 3.1 | .5 .1 | .7 .3 | 5.2 1.4 |

Along the Hiring Line— Field Summary for December

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ANACONDA, Deer Lodge, Phillips-burg—Number of jobseekers shows substantial decline from last year. Stable trends in manufacturing plus new construction kept economy on the bright side this winter season. Trade and service volume holding up well. Farm labor demand diminishing.

BILLINGS, Columbus, Hardin, Laurel, Red Lodge, Roundup—Labor market activity adjusting to normal winter patterns especially in outdoor industries. Work in various construction fields shows the sharpest decline as force reductions occurred on highway projects, Yellowtail Dam, and buildings. December building permits totaled \$485,000, most for new residential construction. Trade employment up with opening of new shopping center and downtown supper club. Business at most other trade firms exceeds last year. Farm labor demand chiefly for winter livestock feeding operations. Big surplus of single farm hands awaiting jobs.

BOZEMAN, Ennis, Three Forks, Trident—Over-all economic trends remain generally favorable but labor demand reduced seasonally. Most construction stayed active with fairly good weather. Work on new city hall completed. New projects include \$500,000 doctors' clinic. Logging and sawmill operations still flourish with more demand for timber fallers. Farm labor demand drops but some demand for couples.

BUTTE, Virginia City, Whitehall—An improved economy reflected by increased activity in mining and construction activities. Short supply of experienced miners for shaft sinking operations. Work on \$3 million dollar addition to copper concentrator to start this spring. Contract let for additional miles of interstate highway. Site cleared for new bank building.

CUT BANK—Outdoor work at very minimum due to bad weather. Winter layoffs continuing on federal projects in Browning area. Activity in oil fields keep fairly steady pace. Labor demand in trade and service firms not too active.

DILLON—Mild weather throughout much of the month permitted most outdoor work to continue with little interruption. Renovation projects, new building, and some highway work stayed on good schedules. Farm labor supply and demand in balance with little

MONTANA CIVILIAN WORK FORCE

(In Thousands)

| | Dec. 65 | Nov. 65 | Dec. 64 | lo Dec. 65 | 10 Dec. 65 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Civilian Work Force | 251.9 | 258.5 | 246.3 | | 5.6 |
| Total Employment Total Non-agricultural | 241.7 | 248.3 | 233.8 | <u>-6.6</u> | 7.9 |
| Employment(Non-agricultural Wage | 213.2 | 214.8 | 202.7 | -1.6 | 10.5 |
| & Salary) | 183.0 | 183.7 | 174.4 | — .7 | 7.6 |
| Total Agriculture Employment | 28.5 | 33.5 | 31.1 | 5.0 | -2.6 |
| Labor Management Disputes | .1 | .1 | .2 | 0.0 | <u>—.1</u> |
| Total Unemployment | 10.1 | 10.1 | 12.3 | ň | -2.2 |
| Percent Unemployed | 4.0 | 3.9 | 5.0 | v | |
| U. S. Unemployment Rate | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.7 | ***** | ***** |

demand for livestock feeders because of moderate weather.

GLASGOW, Fort Peck, Malta, Opheim—Labor market trends holding up fairly well except in road and missile site construction. Most idled workers found work on other projects. Main street employment remained at good force with but little extra hiring for the holiday season. Farm labor demand declined.

GLENDIVE, Circle, Wibaux—Labor demand not too active in any industry segment. Most construction at standstill with exception of work on new bank building. Very little hiring evident in oil field drilling and related activities but future trends look favorable. Livestock care comprised main farm activity.

GREAT FALLS, Choteau, Fort Benton, Stanford—New job applications up 50% from year ago as snow and subzero weather cut sharply in to all outdoor activities. Construction suffered most heavily but idled workers will return to jobs when weather moderates. Hiring at smelter continued weekly but expected to subside in coming months. Hiring was most active in trade industries, doubling year ago figures. Farm hiring expected to pick up with demand for livestock feeders.

HAMILTON, Stevensville — December hiring was concentrated mainly in trade and construction. Opening of new retail store made 15 jobs. Most road construction in area shut down for winter. Logging and mill employment stays at good capacity. Layoffs by forest service and sugar refinery at Missoula created most new unemployment during the month.

HAVRE, Chinook, Harlem—Labor demand in farm and industry depressed by snow and cold weather with little hope for improvement until next

spring. Most outdoor work completely down. Retirement home under construction only major project in evidence. Employment in trade firms at minimum winter levels.

HELENA, Boulder, Garrison, Townsend, White Sulphur Springs—High employment being maintained in most industry groups but with little new hiring in any. Work on new hospital site and renovation at State Capitol building only major construction in progress. Highway work shut down for progress. Highway work shut down for horizonter. Some demand for food service and clerical workers. Mild weather held back demand for farm help.

KAISPELL, Columbia Falls, Eureka, Libby, Whitefish—New work applications increased for the second consecutive month as heavy layoffs of construction workers continued. Most were furloughed from highway and bridge projects. Work on \$2 million in building projects continued at good pace. Job hiring in the lumber and trade industries doubled from year ago. Stable trends in aluminum manufacturing. Farm labor demand at seasonal low.

LEWISTOWN, Harlowton, Ryegate, Winnett—Job placements down seasonally during December but up 43% from past year. Labor demand in most outdoor industries starting to level off. Addition to rest home and home building main construction work in progress. Main street volume shows good increase. Farm labor demand mainly for seasonal work.

LIVINGSTON, Big Timber—Industrial employment above seasonal levels due to favorable weather. Payrolls of building construction firms holding up well. Trade hiring not up to expectations. Some railroad hiring in evidence. Little demand for farm help.

MILES CITY, Baker, Ekalaka, Broadus, Jordan, Terry—Employment down-

NINE YEARS OF MONTANA INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYMENT TOTALS BY MONTHS (in Thousands)

| | Jan. | Feb. | March | April | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Aver. |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| 1956 | 156.6 | 154.4 | 156.3 | 163.0 | 169.3 | 177.4 | 177.4 | 179.8 | 177.2 | 174.6 | 170.4 | 166.7 | 168.6 |
| 1957 | 156.8 | 155.0 | 156.8 | 161.3 | 166.0 | 172.0 | 174.2 | 174.2 | 170.8 | 167.4 | 163.2 | 159.9 | 164.8 |
| 1958 | 153.1 | 150.3 | 150.5 | 156.4 | 162.4 | 167.1 | 170.2 | 172.2 | 170.0 | 168.8 | 165.8 | 162.4 | 162.4 |
| 1959 | 155.3 | 153.2 | 155.9 | 162.2 | 167.5 | 174.0 | 177.5 | 179.2 | 169.9 | 165.6 | 161.5 | 159.4 | 165.1 |
| 1960 | 152.7 | 152.5 | 156.1 | 163.5 | 168.4 | 175.8 | 176.9 | 177.7 | 174.8 | 171.6 | 167.5 | 164.5 | 166.8 |
| 1961 | 156.9 | 154.8 | 156.1 | 160.2 | 165.1 | 173.3 | 176.0 | 178.1 | 176.8 | 172.4 | 169.0 | 166.2 | 167.1 |
| 1962 | 158.3 | 158.2 | 159.6 | 166.2 | 172,4 | 180.1 | 180.5 | 181.2 | 178.6 | 176.6 | 175.1 | 173.5 | 171.7 |
| 1963 | 163.9 | 163.0 | 165.0 | 170.2 | 175.1 | 181.0 | 182.3 | 183.8 | 181.5 | 179.7 | 176.6 | 173.6 | 174.6 |
| 1964 | 166.2 | 164.3 | 165.1 | 169.1 | 174.2 | 182.4 | 185.5 | 187.2 | 184.9 | 182.2 | 178.4 | 175.4 | 176.2 |
| 1965 | 168.3 | 167.8 | 169.3 | 174.2 | 178.9 | 187.2 | 187.3 | 188.3 | 187.0 | 186.8 | 183.7 | 183.0* | |

Preliminary Estimate

All employment estimates revised on the basis of more complete reports. Industry detail for the period Jan. 1964 to date will be supplied in a future supplement to this publication.

Along the Hiring Line— Field Summary for December

turn noted in both industry and farm from year ago totals. Lack of major construction projects and reduced farm labor demand mainly responsible for lower job levels this year. Seasonal changes evident in trade and service firms

MISSOULA, Drummond, Arlee, Superior—Non-farm job hiring decreased in line with normal seasonal patterns for this season of the year. Slight increase noted over last year. Trends in construction and manufacturing hold firm. Trade hiring up with opening of new establishments. Farm hiring triple last year.

POLSON—Employment scene considerably brighter this year than last. Increased activity in logging and sawmills plus opening of new trade firms added to economic strength. Some layoffs noted in construction and other outdoor work. Farm labor demand slow.

SHELBY—Active trends in construction and service industries kept job hiring over last year. Layoffs occurred at missile site locations. Trade employment at normal winter levels. Little change expected in job picture until spring.

SIDNEY — Generally optimistic trends cover local labor market area. Employment levels hold good in most industry groups but only limited hiring at this time of year. Jobless pay claims down substantially from last year. Farm hiring records good gains.

THOMPSON FALLS, Hot Springs—Winter employment directions fairly bright with exception of worker losses in construction, service, and trade industries. Logging and sawmill operations keep at good volume. Start of some construction awaits better weather. No farm labor demand.

WOLF POINT, Plentywood, Scobey—Normal winter seasonal changes affecting employment totals in construction, trade, and service industries. Some building projects completed during the month. Trade hiring down chiefly in food service units and service stations. Some upswing noted in oil exploration activities. Farm labor demand less than year ago.

- (1) Estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Proprietors, firm members, personnel of the armed forces, domestic servants, and self-employed persons are excluded.
- (2) Preliminary estimates based on return from samples of 768 selected Montana establishments.
- (3) Figures previously released have been revised on return from 1,142 such establishments.
- (4) Includes fabricated metal products, machinery except electrical, furniture, stone and clay products.
- (5) Includes apparel, chemicals, and miscel laneous manufacturing products.

ESTIMATED EMPLOYMENT IN NON-AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES IN MONTANA (1)

| | EN | IPLOYME | NT | Net Change | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| INDUSTRY | Dec. 1965 (2) | Nov. 1965 (3) | Dec. 1964 | Nov. '65 to Dec. '65 | Dec. '65 Against Dec. '64 | | |
| NON-AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES | 183,000 | 183,700 | 175,400 | —700 | 7,600 | | |
| Manufacturing | 22,600 | 23,000 | 22,000 | -400 | 600 | | |
| Durable goods | 13,800 | 14,100 | 13,300 | —300 | 500 | | |
| Lumber and timber productsPrimary metals. Other (4) | 8,500 3,500 1,800 | 8,700 3,500 1,900 | 8,400 3,300 1,600 | 200 00 100 | 100 200 200 | | |
| Nondurable goods | 8,800 | 8,900 | 8,700 | —100 | 100 | | |
| Food and kindred products Printing and publishing Petroleum refining Other (5) | 5,000 1,900 1,000 900 | 5,100 1,900 1,000 900 | 5,000 1,700 1,100 900 | 100 00 00 00 | $-\begin{array}{c} 00 \\ 200 \\ 100 \\ 00 \end{array}$ | | |
| Mining Metal mining Coal, quarrying and nonmetallic Petroleum-natural gas production | 7,500 4,600 1,100 1,800 | 7,400 4,700 1,100 1,600 | 7,400 4,700 900 1,800 | 100 100 00 200 | - 100 200 00 | | |
| Contract Construction Contractors, building construction Contractors, other than building Contractors, special trade | 11,900 2,800 4,900 4,200 | 14,200 2,900 7,100 4,200 | 9,500 3,300 2,700 3,500 | $\begin{array}{c c} -2,300 \\ -100 \\ -2,200 \\ 00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,400 \\ -500 \\ 2,200 \\ 700 \end{array}$ | | |
| Transportation and utilities | 17,400 7,300 4,100 6,000 | 17,500 7,400 4,100 6,000 | 17,200 7,500 3,900 5,800 | -100 -100 00 00 | - 200 200 200 200 | | |
| Trade Wholesale trade | 44,500 8,80 | 42,400 8,800 | 43,000 8,700 | 2,100 00 | 1,500 100 | | |
| Retail trade General merchandise and apparel Food stores Eating and drinking establishments Automotive and filling stations Retail trade not elsewhere classified | 35,700 7,900 6,300 8,100 6,700 6,700 | 33,600 6,600 5,700 8,300 6,800 6,200 | 34,300 7,500 5,300 7,900 6,900 6,700 | 2,100 1,300 600 200 100 500 | 1,400 400 1,000 200 — 200 00 | | |
| Finance, insurance and real estate | 7,100 | 7,000 | 6,900 | 100 | 200 | | |
| Services and miscellaneous | 24,900 3,000 2,000 19,900 | 24,900 2,900 2,000 20,000 | 24,700 2,800 2,200 19,700 | 00 100 00 —100 | $\begin{array}{r} 200 \\ 200 \\ -200 \\ 200 \end{array}$ | | |
| Government Federal State and local | 47,100 11,600 35,500 | 47,300 11,600 35,700 | 44,700 11,400 33,300 | —200 00 —200 | 2,400 200 2,200 | | |
| Great Falls Area (Cascade County) Manufacturing Contract construction Transportation and utilities Trade, wholesale and retail Finance, Insurance, Real Estate Services and miscellaneous (7) Government | 22,300 3,100 2,300 2,000 5,800 1,300 3,500 4,300 | 22,500 3,200 2,300 2,000 5,900 1,300 3,400 4,400 | 21,700 3,000 2,000 2,000 5,800 1,300 3,500 4,100 | -200 -100 00 00 -100 00 100 -100 | 600 100 300 00 00 00 00 200 | | |
| Billings Area (Yellowstone County) Manufacturing Contract construction Transportation and Utilities Trade, wholesale and retail Finance, Insurance, Real Estate Services and Miscellaneous (7) Government | 24,400 3,000 1,700 2,400 7,500 1,400 4,500 3,900 | 24,800 3,000 1,700 2,400 7,600 1,500 4,600 4,000 | 24,800 3,000 1,700 2,500 7,800 1,400 4,500 3,900 | -400 00 00 -100 -100 -100 -100 | 00 00 100 | | |

⁽⁶⁾ Includes commercial trade schools, auto repair services and garages, miscellaneous repair services and hand trades, motion pictures, amusements and recreation, medical and health, law offices and professional services, non-profit member-

ship organizations and businesses not otherwise classified.

⁽⁷⁾ Same as (6) above. Also includes hotels, rooming houses, camps, personal services and mlning.

COMPARISON OF BASIC LABOR MARKET ACTIVITIES IN DEC. 1965 AND DEC. 1964

| Employment | New | Job / | Applica | nts | Jo | bseeker | s in F | lle | | | J | ob Pla | cements | 5 | | | UI C | iaims* |
|-------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|------|-----------|---------|-----------|-------|-----------|-----|-------|---------|-----------|-----|-------|------|-----------|--------|
| Service Office | Dec. 1965 | | Dec. 1964 | | Dec. 1965 | | Dec. 1964 | | Dec. 1965 | | | | Dec. 1964 | | | | Wk. 12-31 | |
| | Tot. | Vet. | Tot. | Vet. | Tot. | Vet. | Tot. | Vet. | Ind. | Ag. | Tot. | Vet. | Ind. | Ag. | Tot. | Vet. | 1965 | 1964 |
| Anaconda . | 66 | 11 | 66 | 14 | 198 | 30 | 362 | 84 | 42 | 5 | 47 | 16 | 18 | 5 | 23 | 8 | 137 | 247 |
| Billings | 511 | 132 | 767 | 172 | 1,904 | 486 | 2,851 | 683 | 346 | 73 | 419 | 148 | 419 | 60 | 479 | 142 | 1,235 | 1,623 |
| Bozeman | 213 | 25 | 199 | 35 | 356 | 79 | 485 | 95 | 108 | 16 | 124 | 17 | 148 | 23 | 171 | 30 | 217 | 344 |
| Butte | 337 | 69 | 296 | 70 | 951 | 178 | 1,072 | 225 | 168 | 4 | 172 | 38 | 119 | 2 | 121 | 18 | 507 | 642 |
| Cut Bank | 76 | 23 | 70 | 19 | 335 | 106 | 375 | 120 | 27 | 15 | 42 | 19 | 14 | 3 | 17 | 5 | 211 | 213 |
| Dillon | 64 | 15 | 77 | 24 | 150 | 25 | 237 | 58 | 20 | 36 | 56 | 25 | 13 | 39 | 52 | 6 | 91 | 149 |
| Glasgow | 47 | 10 | 45 | 5 | 206 | 17 | 302 | 37 | 56 | 7 | 63 | 15 | 54 | 7 | 61 | 8 | 140 | 255 |
| Glendive | 74 | 12 | 49 | 4 | 161 | 11 | 224 | 25 | 27 | 22 | 49 | 5 | 40 | 16 | 56 | 8 | 100 | 136 |
| Great Falls | 854 | 207 | 574 | 53 | 1,601 | 502 | 1,582 | 398 | 354 | 36 | 390 | 91 | 187 | 14 | 201 | 35 | 1,129 | 1,455 |
| Hamilton | 148 | 45 | 67 | 11 | 244 | 58 | 314 | 74 | 42 | 9 | 51 | 7 | 34 | 6 | 40 | 7 | 188 | 250 |
| Havre | 94 | 15 | 111 | 14 | 206 | 47 | 409 | 108 | 34 | 10 | 44 | 9 | 33 | 24 | 57 | 6 | 190 | 292 |
| Helena | 208 | 46 | 233 | 33 | 381 | 96 | 601 | 166 | 97 | 17 | 114 | 26 | 119 | 18 | 137 | 45 | 343 | 546 |
| Kalispell | 259 | 67 | 235 | 44 | 1,065 | 272 | 1,307 | 292 | 132 | 2 | 134 | 22 | 117 | 8 | 125 | 29 | 717 | 994 |
| Lewistown | 82 | 18 | 92 | 22 | 268 | 46 | 388 | 75 | 40 | 43 | 83 | 12 | 21 | 32 | 53 | 9 | 193 | 260 |
| Livingston | 31 | 1 | 45 | 2 | 283 | 53 | 327 | 54 | 32 | 5 | 37 | 11 | 40 | 29 | 69 | 6 | 198 | 253 |
| Miles City | 70 | 11 | 66 | 10 | 172 | 27 | 238 | 52 | 36 | 16 | 52 | 13 | 84 | 34 | 118 | 22 | 128 | 163 |
| Missoula | 531 | 88 | 592 | 123 | 1,242 | 230 | 1,471 | 326 | 255 | 36 | 291 | 48 | 245 | 10 | 255 | 49 | 582 | 844 |
| Polson | 122 | 19 | 55 | 15 | 258 | 62 | 283 | 70 | 27 | 1 | 28 | 7 | 9 | | 9 | 1 | 178 | 255 |
| Shelby | 109 | 30 | 43 | 13 | 215 | 62 | 186 | 64 | 35 | 5 | 40 | 8 | 24 | 3 | 27 | 4 | 154 | 140 |
| Sidney | 64 | 5 | 45 | 7 | 182 | 24 | 157 | 26 | 32 | 16 | 48 | 9 | 34 | 8 | 42 | 4 | 101 | 122 |
| Thom. Falls | 42 | 14 | 61 | 8 | 119 | 27 | 174 | 43 | 22 | | 22 | 9 | 40 | | 40 | 10 | 87 | 124 |
| Wolf Point | 64 | 10 | 58 | 16 | 297 | 64 | 316 | 70 | 21 | 8 | 29 | 4 | 25 | 4 | 29 | 6 | 173 | 198 |
| Billings YOC** | 180 | | - | | 553 | - Tanga | ****** | ***** | 105 | 2 | 107 | ******* | ***** | | | | | |
| TOTALS | 4.246 | 873 | 3.846 | 714 | 11.347 | 2.502 | 13.661 | 3,145 | 2,058 | 384 | 2,442 | 559 | 1.837 | 345 | 2,182 | 458 | 6.999 | 9.505 |

AVERAGE HOURS AND EARNINGS IN SELECTED MONTANA INDUSTRIES

(Produced in co-operation with United States Bureau of Labor Statistics) (Hours and earnings data exclude administrative and salaried personnel)

| | Average | Weekly F | Carnings | Avera | ge Weekly | Hours | Average liourly Earnings | | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| INDUSTRY | Dec. (1) 1965 | Nov. (2) 1965 | Dec. 1964 | Dec. (1) 1965 | Nov. (2) 1965 | Dec. 1964 | Dec. (1) 1965 | Nov. (2) 1965 | Dec. 1964 | |
| All Manufacturing | 114.74 | 113.77 | 109.62 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 2.84 | 2.83 | 2.72 | |
| Durable Goods | 115.92 | 114.67 | 106.00 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 40.0 | 2.80 | 2.79 | 2.65 | |
| Primary Metals Nondurable Goods | 119.31 111.94 | 118.66 112.62 | 110.83 115.46 | 41.0 38.6 | 41.2 38.7 | 40.3 40.8 | 2.91 2.90 | 2.88 2.91 | 2.75 2.83 | |
| Food and Kindred Products | 97.28 | 97.36 | 102.06 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 42.0 | 2.42 | 2.44 | 2.43 | |
| All Mining | 120.05 | 118.97 | 116.57 | 38.6 | 38.5 | 38.6 | 3.11 | 3.09 | 3.02 | |
| Metal Mining | 114.08 | 114.08 | 113.63 | 36.8 | 36.8 | 37.5 | 3.10 | 3.10 | 3.03 | |
| Transportation and Utilities (except Rys.) Transportation (except railroads) Utilities and Communications | NA NA 120.25 | NA NA 114.33 | NA NA 115.18 | NA NA 43.1 | NA NA 40.4 | NA NA 40.7 | NA NA 2.79 | NA NA 2.83 | NA NA 2.83 | |

⁽¹⁾ Preliminary estimates. (2) Figures previously released have been revised on more complete returns.

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